## Important cuts II(HW).

- 1. Reduce Edge Multiway Cut with T = 3 to Directed Edge Multiway Cut with T = 2.
- 2. Let G be an undirected graph and let  $A, B \subseteq V(G)$  be two disjoint sets of vertices. Let  $\Delta(R_{min}^{AB})$  and  $\Delta(R_{max}^{AB})$  be the minimum (A, B)-cuts, and let  $\Delta(R_{min}^{BA})$  and  $\Delta(R_{max}^{BA})$  be the minimum (B, A)-cuts(reversing the role of A and B). Show that  $R_{min}^{AB} = V(G) \setminus R_{max}^{BA}$  and  $R_{max}^{AB} = V(G) \setminus R_{min}^{BA}$ .
- 3. Recall algorithm running in time  $O^*(4^k)$  that finds all important cuts and show that it can actually output a non-important cut.
- 4. In the Digraph Pair Cut, the input consists of a directed graph G, a designated vertex  $s \in V(G)$ , a family of pairs of vertices  $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \binom{V(G)}{2}$ , and an integer k; the goal is to find a set X of at most k edges of G, such that for each pair  $\{u, v\} \in \mathcal{F}$ , either u or v is not reachable from s in the graph G X. Show an algorithm solving Digraph Pair Cut in time  $2^k n^{O(1)}$  for an n-vertex graph G.
- 5. Consider the following vertex-deletion variant of Digraph Pair Cut with a sink: given a directed graph G, designated vertices  $s, t \in V(G)$ , a family of pairs of vertices  $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \binom{V(G)}{2}$ , and an integer k, check if there exists an (s, t)-separator  $X \subseteq V(G) \setminus \{s, t\}$  of size at most k such that every pair in  $\mathcal{F}$  either contains a vertex of X or contains a vertex that is unreachable from s in  $G \setminus X$ .

Show how to solve this vertex-deletion variant in time  $2^k n^{O(1)}$  for an *n*-vertex graph *G*, using the algorithm of the previous exercise.